The UCLA Alzheimer's and Dementia Care Program:

An innovative nurse practitioner led health system based clinic

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BACKGROUND

5.2 million Americans currently diagnosed with dementia

Annual U.S. costs of dementia care exceed \$150 billion

Dementia patients incur 3x as many hospital stays

Several dementia care programs been developed but have not been disseminated widely

UCLA PROGRAM HISTORY

- → 2011: UCLA Alzheimer's and Dementia Care (ADC) program launched in November, begin patient enrollment
- → **2018**: 1050 active patients, over 2500 patients enrolled

N=259

Baseline

THE UCLA ALZHEIMER'S AND DEMENTIA CARE PROGRAM

Maximize patient function, independence, and dignity | Minimize caregiver strain | Reduce unnecessary costs GOALS:

STAFF:

Dementia Care Managers

- 4 Nurse Practitioner Dementia Care Managers
- Certification in Adult/Geriatric, Geriatric or Family Practice

PATIENTS:

Must meet required criteria

Diagnosis of dementia

→Distress from behavioral

symptoms (NPIQ)*

Caregiver strain index

Caregiver depression (PHQ9)*

*Higher values are worse

- Live outside nursing home
- Have referring UCLA physician willing to co-manage
- Have family member/caregiver willing to attend visits and assist with carrying out care plan

PROGRAM: Key Characteristics and Approach to Care

- Co-management model: physician partners with NP Dementia Care Manager (DCM), NP does not assume primary care
- Approach patient and caregiver as a dyad: both need support
- Structured 90-minute, in-person needs assessments of patients and their caregivers
- Review dementia history and concerns (meds, behaviors, safety)
- Focused physical and mental status exam
- Advance Care Planning
- **Education and Support**
- Create and implement individualized dementia care plans
- Facilitate transitions of care (to/from ED, hospital, SNF, ALF, home)

- Community-based Organization Partnership: provide services
 - Adult day care
 - Counseling
 - Case management
 - Legal and financial advice

Ongoing Care

- Follow up phone calls every 3-4 months
- Additional calls as indicated based on acuity, needs, caregiver stress
- Follow up in-person visits if needed or desired
- Follow-up calls after ED visits and hospitalizations
- Annual visit with patient and caregiver
- Can be contacted by phone, email, or through patient portal anytime
- Accessible 24/7, 365 days a year for assistance and advice

RESULTS

2-year Outcomes: Patients N=272 →Functional status (FAQ)* -- MMSE Behavioral symptoms (NPIQ)* **★**Depression (Cornell)* *Higher values are worse Baseline 2-year 1-year

For all baseline and year 2 comparisons, p<0.001, except behavioral symptoms, p=0.09.

2-year Outcomes: Caregivers

2-year

1-year

For all baseline and year 2 comparisons, p<0.01.

Satisfaction with ADC Program

Physicians:

Valuable medical recommendations: 61%

Valuable behavioral recommendations: 85%

Enhanced MD relationship with patient: 68%

Saved MD time: 56%

Would recommend for other patients: 90%

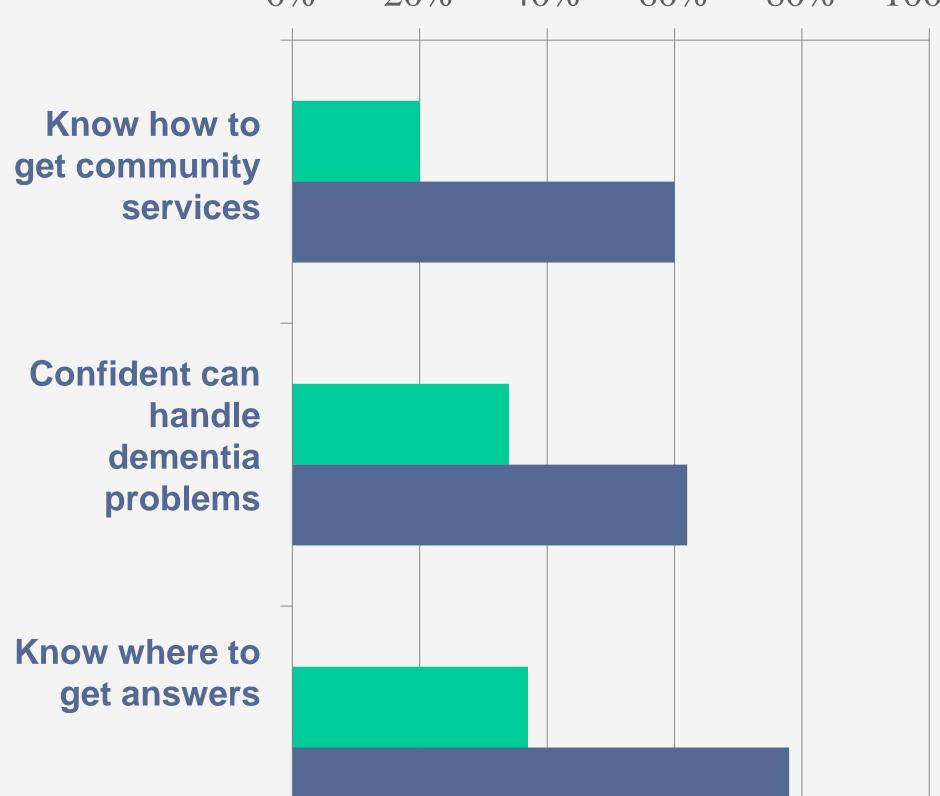
Caregivers:

90% felt intake visit time well spent

91% felt concerns were listened to and addressed

92% would recommend program to others

1-year Changes in Caregiver **Experience and Self-Efficacy**



Have a healthcare professional Pre-ADC who helps

■ 1-year

Outcomes data indicate:

✓ Improved caregiver self-efficacy and less depression

Outcomes

Currently providing care to 1000+ patients with dementia

>90% on dementia quality indicators; meets all 5 dementia

- ✓ Fewer patient behavioral symptoms despite worsening dementia
- **Utilization/Cost Results:**

MIPS measures

- ✓ Reduced hospital length of stay by 0.7d
- ✓ ICU days reduced by over 50%
- ✓ Hospital Bed days/1000, reduced by 30%
- ✓ Total cost of care \$2404 less per year
- ✓ Nursing home placement reduced by 40%

Conclusions

- NP co-management of dementia results in:
 - ✓ High satisfaction
 - Improved clinical outcomes
 - ✓ Cost savings
- Dissemination is needed to demonstrate generalizability
- Medicare reimbursement needed for long-term sustainability